KFA STATUES

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CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1 (Name)

This Organization is called *Sadan-Beopin Daehan-Chukku Hyeophoe* (hereinafter the "KFA") in Korean and the Korea Football Association (the "KFA" in abbreviation) in English.

Article 2 (Objectives)

As an organization representing Korean football both at home and abroad, the objectives of the KFA are to promote physical fitness of Koreans and cultivate sportsmanship by popularizing football, and to contribute to strengthening Korea's presence on the international stage by supporting its members and nurturing talents.

Article 3 (Political Neutrality and Non-discrimination)

The KFA shall remain politically neutral in conducting administrative duties and program activities, and prohibit all kinds of discrimination based on gender, race, religion, place of birth, alma mater, occupation, social status or any other reason.

Article 4 (Accession)

①As a member association of the Korean Sports & Olympic Committee (KSOC), the KFA accedes to the Fédération Internationale de Football Association (FIFA) and the Asian Football Confederation (AFC) and regional confederations on behalf of Korea, and respects the statutes, regulations, guidelines, and decisions of the above-mentioned organizations.

② FIFA holds the authority to give the final approval to host international football matches and competitions. The KFA shall not contact any organization that is not a member of the FIFA or a temporary member of a continental confederation unapproved by the FIFA regarding football or football matches.

③ The KFA respects the International Match Calendar scheduled by FIFA with regards to the hosting of and participation in international competitions.

Article 5 (Code of Ethics and Charter of Footballers)

The KFA, its member associations and all players belonging to the associations, executives, staff members, match agents and intermediaries shall comply with the FIFA Code of Ethics and the KFA Charter of Footballers.

Article 6 (Headquarters)

The KFA headquarters shall be located in Cheonan City, Chungcheongnam Province, Korea.

Article 7 (Business)

① The KFA conducts the following businesses to achieve the objectives stipulated in Article 2:

1. Approval and operation of football matches
   a. Matches of the member associations
   b. Matches with foreign teams
   c. International competitions held in Korea

d. All tasks related to match management including the establishment and enforcement of match rules

2. Football administration and support

a. General administrative work and all the related supporting tasks

b. Task coordination with football-related organizations

3. International affairs

a. Serving as a representative body to international football organizations

b. Selecting members of the national team and arranging their entry into matches

4. Human resources management and development

a. Managing and nurturing football players

b. Managing and nurturing coaches and referees

c. Managing and nurturing professional football administrators

5. Establishment of football infrastructure

a. Expanding and supporting football facilities

b. Expanding the base of football as a sport

c. Accumulating and managing football data

6. Public relations

a. Promoting the programs of the KFA and its member associations

b. Promoting national teams at various age levels and their matches

7. Promotion of welfare and protection of rights and interests

a. Promoting welfare and protecting rights and interests of the KFA and its member associations

b. Promoting rights and interests of football players, coaches, and referees

8. Internal management

a. All tasks related to the operation of the KFA and maintenance and management of facilities

b. Developing and improving football facilities and equipment and performing related certifications

9. Support for R&D projects

a. Conducting and planning R&D projects for short and long-term development of football

10. Other businesses necessary for the objectives of the KFA

② Concerning the certifications mentioned in Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 8, Item b herein, the KFA shall not add new requirements deviating from international certification regulations, force others to use products of a specific company, or charge certification fees at a rate this is more than necessary.

③ The KFA shall abide by separate regulations stipulated by the KSCO concerning the requirements, fees, term and other details related to the operation of the certification.

④ The KFA shall stipulate details required for the certification under Paragraph 3 herein to the extent of the regulations established by the KSOC, and any enactment/amendment of the details concerning the certification shall be submitted to and reported by the KSOC.

Article 8 (Offering of Benefits)

In conducting the businesses set forth in Article 7, the KFA shall offer benefits therefrom to beneficiaries free of charge, provided, however, that if inevitable, the KFA may charge some of the expenses to the beneficiaries upon a resolution of the Executive Committee.

Article 9 (Delegation of Business)

Upon the request of regional associations and affiliated confederations, the KFA may grant them the authority to organize competitions and matches under their respective remit, provided, however, that

championships held on the national level shall be hosted by the KFA.

Chapter 2 Membership

Article 10 (Membership)

① An individual or organization mentioned in the following subparagraphs shall be admitted as a member of the KFA under the procedures set forth in Article 11:

1. Ordinary membership: regional associations, affiliated confederations, and teams participating in the first division of the Korean professional league;
2. Associate membership: all teams, players, coaches, and referees registered with the KFA and not included in Subparagraph 1 herein.

② Regional associations may establish municipal associations (branches of regional associations) or futsal associations within their respective jurisdictions.

Article 11 (Admission and Registration)

① Admission of members to regional associations and affiliated confederations shall be resolved by the Executive Committee and approved by the Congress.

② The application for membership of regional associations and affiliated confederations shall be enclosed with the following documents:

1. Decisions passed by the organization's Congress and the statutes;
2. List of appointed executive members and their inaugural consent;
3. Membership list of the organization;
4. Business plans and budgets; and
5. Written oath to abide by the statutes, laws of the game, regulations, and decisions of FIFA, the AFC, and the KFA and the procedures and principles of dispute settlement set by the KFA.

③ Membership is granted to the teams registered pursuant to the registration regulations of the KFA.

④ Associate membership is granted to the coaches and players of the registered teams upon their registration to the team, and to the referees upon their registration to the KFA.

Article 12 (Rights of Ordinary and Associate Members)

① Ordinary members are entitled to:

1. Speak and vote by sending delegates to the Congress;
2. Make proposals and requests to the KFA;
3. Participate in competitions and programs hosted, organized, and approved by the KFA;
4. Host, organize, and sponsor programs approved by the KFA;
5. Be notified of the current status of programs approved by the KFA; and
6. Exercise all other rights prescribed in the statutes and regulations of the KFA.

② Associate members are entitled to:

1. Make proposals and requests to the KFA;
2. Participate in competitions and programs hosted, organized, and approved by the KFA;
3. Exercise rights set forth by a regional association or an affiliated confederation as its member; and
4. Exercise all other rights prescribed in the statutes and regulations of the KFA.

Article 13 (Obligations of Members)

① Ordinary members have the following obligations:

1. Comply with the statutes, laws of the game, all related regulations, directions, and decisions resolved by the Executive Committee and the Congress of FIFA, the AFC, and the KFA;
2. Abide by the approval or reporting procedures of the KFA when hosting or participating in domestic and international competitions;
3. Seek approval of the KFA for any changes to the organization and its regulations;
4. Obtain approval of the KFA for the business plan of applicable year within 10 days from the close of their own Congress;
5. Submit the previous year's business plan, balance sheet of income and expenditure, applicable year's income and expense budget, and the list of appointed executives to the KFA within 10 days from the close of their own Congress;
6. Report the result to the KPA within 10 days from the close of their own Executive Committing meeting or Congress;
7. Pay membership fees;
8. Abide by the procedures and principles stipulated herein in the case of football-related disputes;
9. <removed>
10. Receive an audit for the businesses or tasks delegated or funded by KFA if needed; and
11. Take disciplinary actions against executives and/or staff members found to be engaged in any misconduct or negligence in an investigation or audit.

② Associate members and the teams participating in the first division of Korean professional league have the following obligations, but Article 6 is not applied to individual members:

1. Submit documents set forth in the registration regulations when applying for registration;
2. Comply with the statutes, laws of the game, all the related regulations, directions, and decisions resolved by the Executive Committee and the Congress of FIFA, the AFC, and the KFA;
3. Abide by the approval or reporting procedures of the KFA when hosting or participating in domestic and international competitions;
4. Pay membership fees set forth in regulations or decided by the Executive Committee;
5. Abide by the procedures and principles stipulated herein in the case of football-related disputes; and
6. Fulfill the duties as a member of regional associations or affiliated confederations.

Article 14 (Members' Report on the Appointment or Election of Executives)

① Regional associations and affiliated confederations shall inform the KFA of the appointment or election of the executives within ten (10) days thereafter and regional associations must obtain written consent from the KFA, and affiliated confederations must obtain approval from the KFA. The KFA may issue a corrective order if the appointment or election procedure violates the statutes or regulations, or if a person not qualified for applicable position is appointed or elected.

② Executives of the registered teams shall inform the KFA of their appointment or election in accordance with the registration regulations and inform the KFA immediately of any changes made after their registration.

Article 15 (Management of Registered Teams)

① The KFA takes charge of all tasks related to effective operation and management of the registered teams.

② The KFA supervises and controls all tasks concerning regional associations, affiliated

confederations, and registered teams and coordinates the tasks to prevent any unnecessary overlaps.

Article 16 (Reward and Punishment for Member Organization)

① The KFA may reward its member associations and members for their contribution to the development of football, and may punish its member associations and members for causing troubles and damaging the reputation of football.

② Regulations governing reward and punishment shall be stipulated separately.

Article 17 (Disciplinary Measures for Members)

① Designation as an organization to be normalized, Restriction of rights, suspension, and expulsion of ordinary members (registered teams excluded) shall be dealt in accordance with the following subparagraphs:

1. Designation as an organization to be normalized : When a regional association or affiliated confederation is deemed unable to maintain normal management for one of the following reasons, the member association can be designated as an organization to be normalized upon the decision of the Executive Committee. Designation of a regional association as such organization should be done after consultations with the regional branches of the KSOC.

   A. A serious breach of the regulations including the Articles of Incorporation of the KFA
   B. Vacancies or accidents of the heads of member associations for more than 60 days
   C. Various disputes related to member associations
   D. Inability to carry out normal business due to other reasons, such as aggravation of financial conditions

   In addition to those stipulated in these Articles of Incorporation, the designation and operation of an organization to be normalized shall be separately determined.

2. Restriction of rights and suspension: Material violations of the obligations stipulated in Art. 13 by regional associations and affiliated confederations may be subjected to temporary restrictions on the rights prescribed in Art. 12 or to temporary suspension that remains in effect until the next Congress, upon the decision of the Executive Committee. The sanctioned organization is forfeited its rights as an ordinary member of the KFA until the next Congress votes on the reinstatement of the rights.

3. Expulsion: In any of the following cases, the KFA may expel regional associations and affiliated confederations from the Congress by a resolution of two-thirds (2/3) or more of the registered delegates. When the proposal for expulsion is approved, it shall take effect immediately.

   A. Where it is deemed inappropriate for them to continue as a member association because of a serious violation of the obligations described in Article 13
   B. Where a member association violated its financial obligations to the KFA or the Articles of Incorporation, regulations and instructions of the FIFA, the AFC or the KFA, and thus failed to faithfully fulfill their obligations
   C. Where a member association cannot carry out normal business due to internal disputes, aggravation of financial conditions, absence of the executive branch, etc.
   D. Where a member association, which was designated as an organization to be normalized according to subparagraph 1, failed to have such designation cancelled within two years from the date when it was designated as an organization to be normalized
   E. Where a member association seriously infringed on the status of the KFA or hindered the development of football

② If the KFA wants to take measures in accordance with Paragraph 1, it must give an opportunity to explain to the relevant organization prior to the decision.

Article 18 (Resignation)

① Regional associations and affiliated confederations may submit a letter of resignation to KFA after fulfilling their financial obligations. The resignation takes effect upon the approval of the Executive Committee of the KFA.

② Registered teams may resign from the KFA in accordance with the registration regulations after fulfilling their financial obligations towards the KFA, regional associations and affiliated confederations.

③ A member shall be deemed to resign from the KFA when the member corresponds to any of the following subparagraphs;

1. the member is dead or dissolved;

2. the member is declared bankrupt; or

3. the member has become ineligible for membership.

④ A member shall be deemed to be ineligible for membership according to Subparagraph 3 of Paragraph 3 when it corresponds to any of the following subparagraphs;

1. the member has been expelled from the Congress for reasons falling under Article 17(1)3.; or

2. the member is judged that it is of no practical benefit to maintain it as a separate organization because the KFA directly hosts or operates all businesses on a national scale. In this case, however, the resolution shall be made with the consent of at least two-thirds of the registered delegates at the Congress, and the member shall be given the opportunity to defend itself before the decision.

Chapter 3 Organization

Article 19 (Organization)

The KFA has the following organizations:

1. the Congress
2. the Executive Committee
3. subcommittees; and
4. the Secretariat

Article 20 (Members of the Organizations)

The KFA shall have delegates, executives, and employees needed for the organizations stipulated in Article 19.

Chapter 4 Executives

Article 21 (Types and Numbers of Executives)

① The executive members of the KFA are as follows:

1. Elected executives: one (1) President, less than seven (7) vice presidents, one (1) general secretary, from fifteen (15) to twenty-nine (29) directors (including one (1) President, less than seven (7) vice presidents, and one (1) general secretary), and two (2) auditors;
2. Appointed executives: honorary president, advisors, consultants, and members of subcommittees.

② At least one (1) auditor shall be an accounting expert.

③ The number of directors set forth in Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 1 may be increased up to 10 persons upon a resolution of the Congress.

Article 22 (Terms of Offices)

① The term of office of the directors, including the President, shall be four (4) years and that of the auditors shall be two (2) years. The directors and auditors may serve consecutive terms only once in accordance with the following subparagraphs (consecutive terms shall include previous terms served as an executive of other member associations of the KFA). However, the number of consecutive terms of accounting auditors shall not be limited:

1. Previous terms served as an executive member other than President shall not be considered in calculating the number of consecutive terms of a President.
2. Previous terms served as a director or auditor shall not be considered in calculating the number of consecutive terms of a vice-president, while terms served as a President shall be counted in
3. Previous terms served as a President and vice-president shall be considered in calculating the number of consecutive terms of a director and auditor (excluding an accounting auditor).

② When the number of consecutive terms of an executive is calculated, if there is a history of serving as an executive during the previous and following term, it is counted as one consecutive term regardless of whether the expiration date of the previous term and the date of inauguration as a successor are consecutive. (including cases when he or she resigned within the term of office)

③ The executives elected to fill the vacancy pursuant to Paragraph 6 and the executives appointed due to the increase of the number of directors shall be deemed to have been reappointed once regardless of their tenure. However, if a resigned executive is elected an executive to fill the vacancy or appointed due to the increase of the number of directors within the same term, the number of reappointment shall not be additionally counted.

④ Notwithstanding Paragraph 1, an executive may be exempted from the limit on the number of consecutive terms for executives after deliberation by the KCFS (Korea Commission for Fair Play in Sport) of the KSOC.

⑤ The term of the office shall not be counted by the number of days, but be based on the Congress at

which the executive was elected.

⑥ The term of an executive elected to fill the vacancy shall be the remainder of the predecessor's term, and the term of an executive appointed after an increase in the number of executives shall be the remaining term of the other executives.

⑦ Notwithstanding Paragraph 6, the term of office of the President elected in the by-election of a president whose remaining term is less than one year shall be deemed as the period obtained by adding four years to the remaining period, and in this case, notwithstanding Paragraph 3, he or she shall be deemed to have been re-elected once.

⑧ An elected executive may keep performing the duty even after the expiration of his/her term until the successor takes office, only for the on-going businesses.

Article 23 (Election of the President)

① The President shall be elected by an electoral college consisting of from one hundred (100) to three hundred (300) persons who are:

1. Delegates as stipulated in Article 32;
2. Current or previous players, referees, coaches, or amateur football club members prescribed in the Electoral Regulations; or
3. Other persons stipulated in the Electoral Regulations.

② A person who registers as a Presidential candidate shall donate ₩ 50,000,000 when applying for the registration in accordance with Presidential Election Regulations.

③ The KFA shall refund the money to the candidate when the candidate wins the election, deceases, or receives more than 25% of the valid number of votes, within thirty (30) days after the election. The money shall be vested in the KFA if a candidate fails to meet the above-mentioned requirements.

④ Presidential elections shall be carried out in accordance with the following subparagraphs:

1. A President is chosen by secret ballot by a majority vote of the electors.
2. When no candidate gets a majority vote in the initial round of voting, the top two (2) candidates shall go through a runoff election and the one who receives a majority vote wins the election. If there are more than three (3) candidates standing, another round of voting shall be held to eliminate the candidate who polled the least votes and determine the top two (2) candidates. When a candidate wins a majority vote during the voting to determine the top two (2), the candidate wins the election in accordance with Subparagraph 1 herein.
3. Another round of voting shall be held when the top two candidates tie in the runoff election mentioned in Subparagraph 2 and a candidate who polls more votes wins the election. In case of another tie, a candidate who is older than his or her counterpart gets elected.
4. If there is only one candidate, the Election Administration Committee shall examine the reasons for disqualification of the executive according to Article 29, and if there is no flaw, that person shall be elected without voting.

⑤ If the President is involved in an accident or a vacancy occurs, the vacancy shall be filled in accordance with the following Subparagraphs:

1. If the President cannot perform his or her duties due to an accident, according to the order determined when the Vice-president was elected or if there is no such order, the oldest incumbent vice president, excluding those with foreign nationality, shall deputize the President

2. If the period of acting on behalf of the President exceeds six (6) months from the date of the accident, a new President must be elected within sixty (60) days notwithstanding Subparagraph 4.

3. The acting President pursuant to Subparagraph 1 and Paragraph 3 of Article 23-2 shall perform normal business and cannot handle business outside the scope of the status quo, such as policy change and personnel transfer, but in case of an urgent matter, he or she may do so by the resolution of the Executive Committee.

4. In case of Presidential vacancy, a person pursuant to Subparagraph 1 shall deputize the President with the approval of the KSOC, and if the remaining term is more than one (1) year, a new president must be elected within sixty (60) days.

⑥ The Election Administration Committee shall consist of people who take neutral stances to ensure fairness of the election administration.

⑦ The KFA may entrust the election administration to the regional Election Commission that has jurisdiction over the region the KFA is located in to ensure the fairness of the election.

⑧ The KFA shall organize the Election Administration Committee in accordance with the following Subparagraphs:

1. The committee shall consist of from seven (7) to eleven (11) members.
2. The members of the committee shall be recommended by the President with the approval of the Executive Committee. However, when the directors including the President are unable to perform the normal functions of the Executive Committee as there are less than 15 directors due to a decision of no confidence under Article 30, resignation or suspension of duties by the court, etc., the Election Administration Committee may be formed at the Congress.
3. External members who have no connection with the KFA and are from various circles including the academia, the press, and the legal circles shall account for more than two-thirds (2/3) of the entire committee members.
4. The chairman shall be elected by the committee from among its members but a person who has any connection with KFA shall not be elected.

⑨ Executives and staff members of the KFA and regional associations shall not exert undue influence on nor affect the result of the Presidential election of the KSOC and the election of sports-related organizations including the KFA, member associations of the KSOC, regional branches of the KSOC, and the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC. Nor shall the above-mentioned executives and staff members force other executives and staff members, delegates, or electoral colleges of the KSOC, member associations of the KSOC, regional branches of the KSOC, and the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC to exert undue influence on or to affect the result of

the elections mentioned hereinbefore, or reward or punish them with benefits or disadvantages in return for such actions.

⑩ The KFA may demand the KSOC to take disciplinary measures on its executives and staff members who violate Paragraph 10 when one-thirds (1/3) of the registered directors or one-fourth (1/4) of the registered delegates of the relevant organization agrees on the imposition of the sanction. The KSOC shall impose sanction the persons involved in the absence of justifiable reasons to the contrary.

⑪ The KSOC may give instructions to make improvements in the election administration of Presidential elections to ensure fairness of elections.

⑫ Further details not mentioned herein shall be prescribed in separate regulations.

Article 23-2 (Registration of Candidates for the Presidential Election)

① If a non-permanent executive, including the President, intends to register as a candidate, he or she must submit his or her intention to register as a candidate to the Secretariat in writing no later than fifty (50) days before the end of the President's term of office. However, In the case of re-election and election to fill the vacancy the submission must be made within ten (10) days from the date on which the reason for holding the election is confirmed.

② Candidates for the Presidential election must be under the age of seventy (70) on Election Day.

③ When the President submits his or her intention to register as a candidate in writing according to Paragraph 1, a Vice-president (excluding those who have submitted a written intention to register as a candidate) in accordance with Article 23(5)1. shall deputize the President from the time of submission to the election day, but if all the Vice-Presidents have submitted their intention to register as a candidate in writing, the oldest director who did not submit his or her intention to register as a candidate in writing shall deputize the President.

④ In any of the following cases, the President shall return to his or her previous duties from the next day:

1. If the President withdrew his or her intention to register as a candidate as per Paragraph 1 in writing to the Secretariat;
2. If he or she does not apply for candidate registration by the candidate registration deadline; or
3. If he or she resigns his or her candidacy after registering as a candidate

⑤ Notwithstanding Paragraph 2, the President may represent the KFA only in the following international relations:

1. Events, competitions, meetings, negotiations, etc. related to soccer events held abroad
2. International events in Korea (including competitions and conferences) hosted by the FIFA, AFC and

EAFF (East Asian Football Federation)

⑥ A non-permanent executive who has submitted a written intention to register as a candidate in accordance with Paragraph 1 cannot participate in deliberation, resolution and approval of agendas related to the Presidential election from the time of submission until the election day (however, until the date of withdrawal or resignation if he or she withdrew his or her candidacy or resigned, and until the deadline for candidate registration if he or she did not apply for the candidate registration).

⑦ If permanent executives and employees wish to register as a candidate, they must leave their position no later than fifty (50) days before the end of the President's term of office. However, in the case of re-election and election to fill the vacancy, he or she shall resign from his or her position within ten (10) days from the date on which the reason for the execution is confirmed.

Article 24 (Election of Vice presidents, Directors, and Auditors)

① The Congress elects vice presidents and directors from among the candidates recommended by the President. The President may directly appoint vice presidents and directors upon the decision of the Congress, and the President shall report the result to the Congress.

② Notwithstanding the foregoing provision, requirements stipulated in the following Subparagraphs must be meet when electing the executives:

1. Those who are from or working for the same university shall not account for more than 20% of the registered executives.
2. More than 20% of the registered executives shall be those who have played in the national team.
3. More than 20% of the registered executives shall be those who have not been a football player, referee, or coach and are publicly invited from various circles such as the academia, the press, and the legal circles.
4. Efforts shall be made to achieve 30% female representation on the Executive Committee.
5. More than 30% of the registered executives shall be those who have worked for Korea Council of Sports for All (excluding former players).

③ The Congress shall elect the auditors, one (1) from among the delegates and one (1) from among those who are certified public accountant (CPA). An acting delegate shall not be elected as an audit

④ Vice-presidents and directors must be under the age of seventy (70) on the date of appointment.

⑤ Delegates, including the acting delegates participating in the Congress to elect a President, may be elected as executives but shall not account for more than one-eighth (1/8) of the registered directors including the President and vice presidents. No more than one (1) person from an organization, whether it is the President or vice presidents, shall be elected as an executive.

⑥ A President, vice president, director, and auditor shall not hold the position concurrently with other positions.

⑦ The President must prepare the required documents and obtain approval from the KSOC. <

⑧ The President appoints and dismisses a Chief Director from among the directors and gains the consent of the Executive Committee.

⑨ The President may appoint and dismiss full-time executives from among the executives.

⑩ When there is a vacancy, e.g. a Vice-President or director, the Executive Committee shall elect a person recommended by the President to fill the vacancy, and report it at the next Congress.

Article 25 (Appointed Executives)

① Appointed executives shall be appointed in accordance with the following Subparagraphs if needed:

1. The Executive Committee recommends one of the former Presidents as honorary president for meritorious service to football at home and abroad, and the Congress bestows the title
2. The President appoints advisors and consultants upon the recommendation of the Executive Committee
3. The President appoints the members of the subcommittees

② Appointed executives shall submit the letter of acceptance and their resume to the KFA within one (1) week after the appointment.

③ Appointed executives may participate in the Executive Committee and the Congress if needed but shall not hold the voting right.

④ A person who is covered under Paragraph 2 to 4 of Article 29 shall not be appointed as an appointed executive including honorary president and advisor, and deemed to be dismissed when he or she falls under the provisions while in office.

⑤ Honorary presidents and advisors shall not receive pay, benefits, money, and other valuables from the KFA under any pretext. However, the expenses incurred while performing the duties as an advisor may be paid by the KFA.

Article 26 (Duties of Executives)

① The President represents the KFA and exercise general control over the affairs thereof.

② Vice presidents aid the President. The oldest incumbent vice president, excluding those with foreign nationality, deputizes the President when a vacancy occurs or when the President has trouble performing his or her duties due to an accident, and the KFA shall gain approval of the KSOC.

③ A general secretary aids the President and vice presidents and handles the tasks entrusted by them.

④ Directors constitute the Executive Committee and attend the committee to vote on various agenda items related to the duties of the KFA.

⑤ dvisors and consultants consult about the tasks the KFA handles and perform the tasks entrusted by the President.

Article 27 (Duties of Auditors)

Auditors are in charge of:

1. Auditing the accounting and business operation of the KFA;
2. Auditing the operation of and the tasks handled by the Executive Committee;
3. Requesting the Executive Committee or Congress for correction, and reporting to the KSOC if correction is not made when any illegality or irregularity is discovered regarding the status of property, budget execution or business operation
4. Requesting to convene the Congress or the Executive Committee if needed to report as stipulated in Subparagraph 3; and
5. Reporting to the President on the status of property of the KFA or on the issues regarding the operation and duties of the Congress and the Executive Committee, and attending the Congress and the Executive Committee to present opinions.

Article 28 (Restrictions on concurrent positions of executives)

① Delegates and elected executives cannot serve as a delegate and executive of a member association of the KSOC at the same time.

② If elected executives intend to become a presidential candidate of another member association of the KSOC, they must resign from the KFA's executive positions until the day before the candidate registration begins.

③ Among elected executives, the accounting auditor may concurrently serve as an auditor of another member association of the KSOC.

Article 29 (Reasons for Disqualification of Executives)

① A person who is not a national of the Republic of Korea shall not serve as the President

② A person who falls under any of the following Subparagraphs shall not be qualified as an executive:

1. A person who falls under any of the Subparagraphs of Article 33 of the State Public Officials Act

2. A person who committed a crime stipulated in Articles 355 and 256 of the Criminal Act in relation to his or her duties while performing his or her duties for sports-related organizations, mentioned in items A through C of Subparagraph 9 of Article 2 of the National Sports Promotion Act, and sports-related organizations like the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC and municipal associations during his or her term of office, and was sentenced to a fine less than three (3) million won and for whom two (2) years have not elapsed from the finalization of the sentence, or sentenced to a fine equal to or greater than three (3) million won and for whom the sentence has been finalized.

3. Any of the following persons in sports-related organizations, mentioned in items A through C of Subparagraph 9 of Article 2 of the National Sports Promotion Act, and sports-related organizations like the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC and municipal associations:

A. A person on whom suspension or any disciplinary measure heavier than suspension was imposed due to sexual misconduct such as violence and sexual violence

B. A person on whom the suspension for more than one (1) year or any heavier disciplinary measure was imposed due to match fixing, biased refereeing, embezzlement and breach of trust

C. A person on whom suspension or any heavier disciplinary measure was imposed, and who are still subject to such a disciplinary measure

4. A person who was dismissed from sports-related organizations, mentioned in items A through C of Subparagraph 9 of Article 2 of the National Sports Promotion Act, and sports-related organizations like the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC and municipal associations due to match fixing, wrongful exercise of authority, or designation as an organization to be normalized.

5. A person who was involved in the match fixing which can impact the result of matches organized by sports-related organizations, mentioned in items A through C of Subparagraph 9 of Article 2 of the National Sports Promotion Act, and sports-related organizations such as the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC and municipal associations, committing a crime stipulated in Article 314 of the Criminal Code and Article 47 and Article 48 of the National Sports Promotion Act, and thereby sentenced to a fine or any heavier punishment by a court and the sentence has been finalized.

6. Members of the National Assembly, heads of local governments, and members of local councils

7. A person who caused social controversy, a person who was not submitted to a disciplinary measure by the KFA, the KSOC, "member associations, regional branches of the KSOC and their member associations" (hereinafter referred to as "organizations related to the KSOC"), but has other inappropriate reasons, such as similar acts that fall under the disqualification of an executive

8. A person who was an executive of the KFA when the Executive Committee of the KSOC designated the KFA as an organization to be normalized, and for whom five (5) years have not passed since the date of designation (including those who were executives until six (6) months before the date of designation)

③ Relatives of a President (as defined in Article 777 of the Civil Code) shall not serve as elected executives of the KFA, and those who are relatives to each other as defined in Article 777 of the Civil Code shall not account for more than a half (1/2) of the entire directors. Auditors shall not be relatives to each other or to directors as defined in Article 777 of the Civil Code.

④<removed>

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⑥ The KFA may require elected and appointed executives to submit their criminal background check results and the executives shall submit the relevant document within ten (10) days after the request.

⑦ Executives shall be suspended from their duties when charged with criminal conduct related to the operations of the KFA, the KSOC or organizations related to the KSOC. Exceptions are as follows:

1. When charged with specific crimes for which the legal penalty is only a fine;
2. When a summary order has been sought; and
3. When charged with crimes by negligence.

⑧ Executives shall be suspended from their duties when arrested and charged with criminal conduct irrelevant to the operation of the KFA.

⑨ If a person who became an executive of the KFA as an executive of the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC or a person representing sports-related organizations shall be suspended from their duties at the relevant organization, their duties as an executive of the KFA shall also be suspended.

⑩ When an executive of the KFA undergoes the disciplinary processes imposed by the KSOC due to misconducts related to the operation of the KFA, the KSOC or organizations related to the KSOC, he or she shall be suspended from the duties.

⑪ Executives and staff members of a company that has business relations with the KFA shall not serve as executives of the KFA. However, the Congress of the KFA may appoint such people as its executives, upon the submission of a written oath not to conduct business with the KFA in an illegal or undue manner. Upon objection that they are having illegal or undue business relations with the KFA, the KSOC may ex officio investigate the case and dismiss the relevant executives.

⑫ Corporations and organizations including member associations of the KSOC, regional branches of the KSOC, and the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC shall not participate in businesses conducted by the KFA and its member associations if a person affiliated with the corporation or organization is deemed disqualified.

Article 30 (Resignation and Dismissal of Elected Executives)

① A President shall submit the letter of resignation to the Secretariat to resign from the Presidency. Directors, including vice presidents, and auditors shall submit the letter of resignation to the President or to the acting President to resign from the position. Resignation of a President, directors, and auditors is deemed to take effect upon the submission of the letter.

② Executives are deemed to resign from their positions when;

1. Turned out to fall under any of the grounds for disqualifications stipulated herein; or
2. when a person who became an executive of a regional association or affiliated confederation, or an executive as a person representing a sports-related organization resigned or are dismissed from the sports-related organization he or she represented
3. when a person deputized the President for more than 6 months due to an accident

③ The Congress may vote on the dismissal of some or all of the elected executives. Dismissal shall be proposed by a majority agreement of the registered delegates, resolved by a vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the registered delegates. The person concerned shall be given the opportunity to defend him or herself before the decision.

④ The dismissal of an elected executive is possible one (1) year after the date of election. However, the limitation does not apply when the executive is arrested and charged; when fraudulent or irregularity is found as a result of the audit pursuant to Subparagraph 3 of Article 27; or when all of the elected executives are dismissed from the position.

⑤ The Executive Committee may suggest the dismissal of elected executives upon a majority agreement of the registered members. A person whose dismissal is resolved by the Executive Committee shall be suspended from the duty until the Congress votes on the issue.

⑥ An executive whose dismissal is proposed may voice his or her opinion on the matter at the Congress

and the Executive Committee.

⑦ The vote on the dismissal proposal shall be a secret ballot.

⑧ The person concerned is dismissed immediately after passage of the proposal.

⑨ The Congress shall promptly elect new executives when the proposal is passed to ensure that the tasks of the KFA are not disrupted.

Article 31 (KSOC's Demand for Disciplinary Action against Executives)

The KFA shall investigate the following persons or cases upon request from the KSOC and impose disciplinary measures decided by the KSOC:

1. A person who interfered in, or incurred substantial losses to the operations of football facilities or the football-related businesses by taking advantage of his or her position as an executive;
2. A person who was involved in favoring one's relatives by entrusting tasks and awarding contracts;
3. A person who damaged the social reputation of the KFA by being involved in embezzlement, biased refereeing, match fixing, violence, wrongful exercise of authority, and other troubles;
4. A person who violates the statutes and regulations of the KFA; or
5. Cases in which a demand for disciplinary action under Article 47-2, Paragraph 4 of the KSOC's Regulations on Member Associations is not abided by.

Chapter 5 Congress

Article 32 (Composition)

The Congress, the supreme legislative body of the KFA, consists of one representative from each of the following organizations:

1. Regional associations;
2. Affiliated confederations
3. Representatives of respective teams participating in the first division of the Korean professional league.

Article 33 (Qualifications of Delegates)

① The Presidents of regional associations and affiliated confederations and representative directors of the teams participating in the first division of Korean professional league shall be the ex-officio delegates. However, when the ex-officio delegates cannot participate in the Congress for an inevitable reason, they can designate a vice president of the associations and a leader or director of the teams as an agent and have him or her attend the Congress. In this case, the authority of the agent has the same authority as the delegates only at the Congress concerned.

② When an ex-officio delegate becomes an executive of the KFA he or she is no longer qualified to serve as an ex-officio delegate, and a vice president of the associations and a leader or director of the teams shall serve as an ex-officio delegate upon the recommendation of the relevant organization.

③ If they designate an agent according to Paragraph 1, they must notify the KFA in writing (including electronic documents) at least 3 days before the Congress.

④ Elected executives excluding the auditors may participate in the Congress as delegates one (1)year after the resignation or termination of the tenure.

⑤ Minors cannot serve as delegates.

⑥ A single person may not concurrently serve as the President of two or more associations.

Article 34 (Agenda for Resolution)

As the supreme legislative body of the KFA, the Congress shall resolve on the following agenda:

1. Amendments to the statutes;
2. The election and dismissal of elected executives;
3. The approval of the outcome and account settlement of businesses;
4. The disposal, sale, bestowal, rental, and acquisition of ordinary property, offering the properties as a guarantee, and borrowing;
5. The dissolution of the KFA;
6. The admission and expulsion of regional associations and affiliated confederations;
7. The bestowal of the title of honorary President;
8. The approval of minutes of the previous meeting;
9. Matters that are under the authority of the Congress as stipulated herein; and
10. Other important matters.

Article 35 (Convocation of the Congress)

① A Congress may be an Ordinary or Extraordinary Congress.

② An Ordinary Congress shall be held on the last Wednesday of January (a week before if it is a public holiday) after the end of the fiscal year, or the date shall be fixed at least three (3) months before the date that the Congress is scheduled to be held. However, the Ordinary Congress cannot be held more than a month after the end of each fiscal year.

③ The Ordinary Congress shall be convoked by seven (7) days in advance in writing (including electronic documents) by clearly recording the agenda, time, and place and notifying them to the delegates.

④ The Congress may vote only on the agenda notified in accordance with Paragraph 3. However, upon unanimous agreement of all delegates present, agenda items that are not notified in advance may be introduced and resolved.

⑤ In principle, the Congress shall be a face-to-face meeting. However, if it is difficult to hold a face-to-face meeting due to special circumstances such as an infectious disease or natural disaster, deliberations and decisions may be made by means of remote communication or by submitting a written resolution, and matters necessary for this shall be separately determined. In this case, agendas that require closed-door or secret voting cannot be voted on.

Article 36 (Convocation of the Extraordinary Congress)

① The President shall convene an Extraordinary Congress within fifteen (15) days after the request that falls under any of the following Subparagraphs:

1. When the President recognizes the necessity;
2. When one-third (1/3) or more of the registered delegates demand an Extraordinary Congress with specific agenda items to be addressed;
3. When more than a half of the registered directors call for an Extraordinary Congress with clear

objectives; or
4. When the auditors require an Extraordinary Congress in accordance with Article 27, Subparagraph 4

② If the President fails to convene the Congress within fifteen (15) days without justifiable grounds notwithstanding the vacancy of the convening authority or the provisions of Subparagraphs 2 through 4 of Paragraph 1, the director, delegate (including the acting President) or auditor who requested the convocation of the Congress can convene the Congress with the approval of the KSOC

③ The convocation of the Extraordinary Congress must be notified to delegates in writing (including electronic documents) with the agenda, time and place clearly recorded seven (7) days prior to the opening date. However, the period may be shortened if there is an urgent reason.

④ When a Congress is convened by a director or delegate, the oldest incumbent director or delegate shall be the convening authority, and the oldest incumbent delegate shall preside over the meeting to elect a chairman from among the delegates present.

Article 37 (Chairperson)

① The President shall chair the Congress. If the President is unable to attend due to specific reasons, a vice president as stipulated in Article 26, Paragraph 2 shall assume the duty of the chairperson.

② When the chairperson is deemed to hold personal interests in the Congress agenda to be addressed, a temporary chairperson may be elected from among the delegates with a majority vote of the delegates present.

③ When the President chairs the Congress, he or she shall not have a vote nor hold the casting vote in case of a tie of votes. A temporary chairperson does have a vote but shall not hold the casting vote in case of a tie.

Article 38 (Quorum)

① The Congress, both Ordinary and Extraordinary, is duly assembled when a majority of the registered delegates are present. Those who are attending by proxy with power of attorney shall not be counted except for the cases set forth in Article 33, Paragraph 1.

② Unless otherwise set forth herein, a decision shall be passed by a majority vote of the delegates present and be rejected in case of a tie of votes. The delegates from the regional associations that are designated as organizations to be normalized shall be included in the number of registered delegates but shall not be included in the number of the delegates present, and nor shall they hold the voting right.

③ Each delegate shall have one, equal vote.

④ The Congress may not resolve on agenda in writing.

Article 39 (Exclusion from Voting)

A President or delegate cannot participate in the voting on the agenda items that falls under any of the following Subparagraphs:

1. His or her own appointment and dismissal; or
2. When the interests of the KFA and himself/herself conflict with each other due to matters involving the exchange of money and property.

Article 40 (Executive's Right to Speak)

① An executive may attend the Congress to state his or her opinion and answer questions if needed.

② An executive shall not face any disadvantages for making legitimate statements at the Congress while performing his or her duties.

Article 41 (Regulations on Proceedings)

① The Secretariat of the KFA shall write the minutes of Congress and report the minutes to the next Congress.

② The Congress may issue regulations on the proceedings.

Chapter 6 Executive Committee

Article 42 (Composition)

The Executive Committee shall consist of a President, vice presidents, a general secretary, and directors.

Article 43 (Executive Committee Agenda)

As the supreme executive body of the KFA, the Executive Committee handles and executes the following tasks:

1. Execution of the decisions passed by the Congress and the tasks the Congress delegated to the Executive Committee;
2. Introduction of Congress agenda;
3. Planning and managing businesses;
4. Budgets and account settlements;
5. Approval and execution of business plans and budgets;
6. Establishing and changing regulations;
7. Recommending and appointing executives of various levels under its remit;
8. Recommending honorary presidents;
9. Adjusting, supervising, and imposing temporary disciplinary measures (suspension of qualification, etc.) on the tasks handled by the members of the KFA;
10. Approval of the tasks handled by the subcommittees;
11. Establishment and elimination of temporary subcommittees;
12. Procedures to handle urgent tasks and the ratification thereof; and
13. Other important matters with regards to the operation of the KFA.

Article 44 (Convocation of the Executive Committee)

① The President convenes the Executive Committee more than four (4) times a year and chairs the committee. A vice-president chairs the committee when the President is absent, and in the absence of vice presidents, a general secretary serves as the chair.

② The President shall notify the directors and auditors of the meeting by a written or electronic notice

that specifies the agenda items no later than five (5) days before the meeting, but exceptions may be made provided that there is urgent or legitimate reason.

③ The Executive Committee may vote only on the agenda items notified in accordance with Paragraph 2 herein. However, upon unanimous agreement of all directors present, other items that are not notified in advance may be introduced and resolved.

④ A director cannot participate in the decision when the interests of the KFA and himself/herself conflict with each other due to matters involving the exchange of money and property.

⑤ An Executive Committee meeting can be held in such a way that all or part of the directors do not attend the meeting in person, but they deliberate and decide by means of remote communication, etc., and the directors shall be deemed to have attended the Executive Committee meeting.

Article 45 (Exceptions)

① The President shall convene the Executive Committee within seven (7) days after the request that falls under any of the following Subparagraphs:

1. When the meeting is requested upon a majority agreement of all registered directors with specific objectives; or
2. When the auditors require an Extraordinary Congress in accordance with Article 27, Subparagraph 4.

② When the convening authority becomes vacant or does not call the meeting without legitimate reasons, the Executive Committee may be convened by the director or auditor who asked for the convocation. In this case, the oldest among the incumbent directors or auditors who convened the Executive Committee meeting shall be the convening authority and the oldest director shall preside over the meeting to elect the chairperson from among the directors present.

Article 46 (Decisions)

① The Executive Committee is duly assembled when a majority of the registered directors are present.

② A decision shall be passed with a majority vote of the directors present and be rejected in case of a tie of votes.

③ The chairperson holds the right to vote.

④ Even with power of attorney, those who are attending by proxy shall not be included in the number of the directors present, nor entitled to exercise the voting right.

⑤ A director who might hold personal interests in agenda to be addressed shall not vote on the agenda.

⑥ Decisions passed by the Executive Committee shall come into effect immediately, unless the Executive Committee fixes another date for a decision to take effect.

Article 47 (Settlement of Urgent Matters)

① Urgent or minor matters can be settled by the President but he or she shall report on the decision to the next Executive Committee and gain approval.

② If needed, the President may hold a vote in writing on urgent or minor matters that are still deemed to require a resolution by the Executive Committee to substitute the Executive Committee's decision.

However, the President shall officially refer the matter to the committee upon the request of a majority of the members of the Executive Committee.

Article 48 (Operation of the Executive Committee)

① The Executive Committee shall be a closed meeting and a third party may participate and exercise the right to speak if necessary.

② The Secretariat shall write the minutes and report it to the next Executive Committee.

Chapter 7 Subcommittees

Article 49 (Composition and Establishment of Subcommittees)

① The KFA establishes the following subcommittees and determines their main functions and operational details:

1. Competitions Committee
2. Technical Committee
3. National Team Competitiveness Enhancement Committee
4. Referees Committee
5. Disciplinary Committee
6. Medical Committee
7. International Committee
8. Social Responsibility Committee
9. Ethics Committee
10. (Deleted)
11. Public Relations Committee

② The subcommittee in Subparagraphs 1 through 4, 6 through 9, and 11 of Paragraph 1 is an advisory body of the Executive Committee, and provides advice and consulting related to the performance of the Secretariat's business, and makes policy proposals and recommendations necessary for the implementation of the KFA business and the achievement of its objectives. However, the Disciplinary Committee in Subparagraph 5 of Paragraph 1, which includes the function of reviewing disciplinary action, has voting rights in the areas under its jurisdiction.

③ If needed, temporary subcommittees may be established upon the decision of the Executive Committee pursuant to the composition of other existing subcommittees.

④ Each subcommittee shall consist of one chairperson, one (1) vice chairperson, and at least seven (7) members (including the chairperson and the vice chairperson).

⑤ Each chairperson of the subcommittees shall be nominated by the President from among the directors. The President also appoints experts of the relevant fields as the members of the subcommittees. Vice-chairmen shall be appointed by the President from among the members.

⑥ A member of each subcommittee shall not serve as a member of other subcommittees at the same time.

⑦ A person who is disqualified under Article 29, Paragraph 2, 3, or 4 shall not serve as a member of the subcommittees.

⑧ Those who are from or working for the same university shall not account for more than 20% of the

members.

⑨ Tasks handled by the subcommittees shall be approved by the Executive Committee, and the details

including the ratification, reporting, and delegation of the tasks shall be decided by the Executive Committee.

⑩ The term of office of the members shall be one (1) year and serving consecutive terms is permitted.

Article 50 (Competitions Committee)

① The Competition Committee aims to support match operations, analyze and evaluate the results, and give advice for the development of competitions and matches.

② The functions of the Competitions Committee are as follows:

1. Giving advice on the planning and operation of all competitions organized by the KFA;
2. Appointment, education, assignment, and supervision of match commissioners of competitions;
3. Suggesting revision and alteration of rules, regulations, and guidelines related to competitions;
4. Observing and reporting the activities of coaches participating in competitions;
5. All tasks related to the safety in stadiums;
6. Tasks related to amateur football;
7. Providing information related to rewards and punishments

Article 51 (Technical Committee)

① The Technical Committee aims to nurture players and coaches, select players and coaches of the national teams, and advance and train football skills.

② The functions of the Technical Committee are as follows:

1. Making suggestions and proposals regarding the fostering of players and coaches;
2. Advising on the selection of youth coaches and players;
3. All tasks related to the development of youth football;
4. Collecting and analyzing various data regarding football skills;
5. Making suggestions and proposals for the advancement of various training programs;
6. All tasks related to the technical development of women's football;
7. Sending delegation to TSG (Technical Study Group) with regard to technical development;
8. Cooperating to provide data related to the national teams; and
9. Other tasks related to football skills, assigned by the Executive Committee.

Article 52 (National Team Competitiveness Enhancement Committee)

① The National Team Competitiveness Enhancement Committee aims to manage the men and women national teams and other national representative teams at or above U-15:

② The functions of the National Team Competitiveness Enhancement Committee are as follows:

1. Appointment, dismissal and re-appointment of coaches;
2. Recommending on the selection of players;
3. Supporting, assessing, and making suggestions for team operation including competition entry and training;
4. Sending delegation with regard to TSG (Technical Study Group) evaluation; and
5. Other tasks assigned by the Executive Committee

Article 53 (Referees Committee)

① The Referees Committee aims to give advice on all matters related to referees such as nurturing, assignment, management of referees and proposing rewards and punishments.

② The functions of the Referees Committee are as follows:

1. Interpretation and application of laws of the game;
2. Advising on training, grading, and fostering of referees;
3. Managing the activities of referees, members of Referees Committee, referee assessor, and referee instructors;
4. Consulting and supervising the management for referees assignment and fair refereeing;
5. Reporting on the issues related to the assignment and performance assessment results of referee assessors and referees;
6. Examining the qualifications of and recommending international referees; and
7. Making suggestions regarding the rewards and punishments of referees.

③ Those who have been a football player and have placed third or higher in any national football competitions shall account for more than 50% of the registered members. For the Referees Committee only, the chairperson is elected by the committee from among its members and the term of the office is four years.

Article 54 (Disciplinary Committee)

① The Disciplinary Committee shall be established with the aim of maintaining public discipline in football by deliberating and making decisions on matters related to rewards or disciplinary measures for groups and individuals.

② The functions of the Disciplinary Committee are as follows:

1. Discussing and deciding the punishment of an organization or individual;
2. Immediate execution of punishments related to matches;
3. Protection of rights and interests of players; and
4. Making proposals and advising on disciplinary regulations including the ones related to the keeping of order in stadiums.
5. Rewards for the achievements of groups and individuals
6. Deliberation on acknowledgment of exceptions to the limit on the number of consecutive terms of the executives of affiliated confederations

③ Disciplinary actions decided by the Disciplinary Committee are final and there shall be no appeal procedure within the KFA.

④ In the case of an objection to a decision under Paragraph 3, the objection may be filed to the KSOC pursuant to the relevant regulations of the KSOC.

⑤ Details of the composition and operation of the Disciplinary Committee shall be stipulated in separate regulations.

Article 55 (Social Responsibility Committee)

① The Social Responsibility Committee aims to return profits gained in connection with football to the general public and contribute to society.

② The functions of the Social Responsibility Committee are as follows:

1. Collecting and providing information related to international and domestic social responsibility initiatives;
2. Making suggestions to create and advance various social responsibility programs at home and abroad;

3. Promoting cooperation between organizations related to social responsibility activities; and
4. Analyzing and evaluating social responsibility fulfillment initiatives.

Article 56 (International Committee)

① The International Committee aims to promote international cooperation and utilize professional talents of Korean football.

② The functions of the International Committee are as follows:

1. Establishing and coordinating the basic directions of international affairs;
2. Examining and setting the directions regarding the hosting of international competitions;
3. Recommending election candidates for international organizations; and
4. Assisting businesses that the KFA carries out by utilizing international experts in various fields.

Article 57 (Medical Committee)

① The Medical Committee aims to establish guidelines for players to help manage physical health and enhance performance, and aims to support and advise on the medical care of players.

② The functions of the Medical Committee are as follows:

1. Making suggestions and advising on the application of sports medicine including various medical support, sports rehabilitation, and sports psychology;
2. Providing medical guidelines to protect and manage the players;
3. Supervising and checking doping tests conducted in international and domestic matches and medical support related to matches;
4. Recommending a team doctor upon request; and
5. Conducting various medical training and developing training programs.

Article 58 (Ethics Committee)

① The Ethics Committee aims to bolster the ethics of the football community and establish a sound and healthy football culture by preventing and eradicating illegal and unethical practices.

② The functions of the Ethics Committee are as follows:

1. Educating and promoting to strengthen the ethics and eradicate unlawful practices;
2. Offering suggestions to make improvements on systems and practices that are unfair or fans unethical practices;
3. Proposing to investigate into and impose disciplinary measures on unethical activities unrelated to matches; and
4. Other tasks that befit the objectives of the committee

Article 59 (Public Relations Committee)

① The Public Relations Committee shall be established for the purpose of enhancing the Association's credibility and implementing transparent administration by strengthening communication with the general public and the media.

② The functions of the Public Relations Committee are as follows:

1. Researching and promoting measures to strengthen communication with football fans and the media;
2. Providing advice and consultation on the promotion of the KFA's administration, policies, and projects;

3. Proposing other promotional projects for the KFA;
4. Any other matters concerning the KFA’s promotion and communication that the Chairperson deems necessary.

Chapter 8 Regional Associations (Branches)

Article 60 (Establishment of Regional Associations)

① Regional associations represent respective city or province and shall join as a member of the KFA under a distinctive title that denote the city or province the association represents.

② In accordance with Article 10, Paragraph 2, each regional association shall establish the branches in the city or province in which a registered team is located.

③ Regional associations shall establish their office within their jurisdictions. However, if necessary, exceptions can be made considering distinctive situations of cities or provinces.

④ The Articles of Incorporation of each regional association shall be legislated and amended in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation and related regulations the KFA. Regional associations shall gain approval of the KFA regarding their Articles of Incorporation, specialized rules related to football, important changes in the organizations, and business plans.

⑤ Each regional association shall seek the approval of the relevant regional branch of the KSOC when appointing executives and legislating or amending the Articles of Incorporation and regulations, and whether the regional branch approved the legislation or amendment shall be immediately reported to the KFA, and if the KFA determines that there is a matter to be corrected among the reported matters, it may request the relevant regional branches of the KSOC to make relevant corrections by specifically presenting the relevant facts in detail within fourteen (14) days. However, a person who wishes to become the President of a regional association shall obtain the approval of the regional branch of the KSOC by enclosing the written consent of the KFA.

⑥ The KFA shall notify the relevant branches of the KSOC whether it agrees with the ratification stipulated in Paragraph 5 within thirty (30) days thereafter, and if there is no reply by the deadline, the KFA shall be deemed to have agreed.

⑦ If the KFA deems it necessary, it may investigate and audit the overall organizational operations, business and accounting of regional associations, and it may request regional associations to take disciplinary action against the relevant employees if there is work-related misconduct or negligence as a result of the investigation and audit. In this case, regional associations must comply with it unless there is a special reason.

Article 61 (The Congress of Regional Associations)

① The Congress of each regional association shall consist of from ten (10) to thirty-five (35) delegates.

② Representatives of municipal associations with at least two (2) registered teams shall be qualified to serve as delegates. The appropriate number of representatives of each league (Youth, Middle School, High School, University, National, and Professional League) may also be added if necessary.

③ The Congress of each regional association must be held within one (1) month after the end of each

fiscal year.

④ Details related to the operation of the Congress including its composition shall be stipulated in respective statutes of each regional association, legislated in accordance with the standard statutes of the KFA.

Chapter 9 Affiliated Confederations

Article 62 (Establishment of Affiliated Confederations)

① Affiliated confederations represent registered teams of each league and the KFA holds the right to establish and dissolve the confederations.

② Statutes of each affiliated confederation shall be legislated and amended in accordance with the statute and related regulations of the KFA. Affiliated confederations shall gain approval of the KFA regarding their statutes, important changes in the organizations, and business plans.

Article 63 (The Congress of Affiliated Confederations)

①The Congress of each affiliated confederation shall consist of from ten (10) to thirty-five (35) delegates.

② Representatives of registered teams are qualified to serve as delegates and the ratio of different registered teams shall be decided by the affiliated confederations.

③ The Congress of each affiliated confederation shall be held after the end of the fiscal year and before January 15th of the next year.

④ Details related to the operation of the Congress including its composition shall be stipulated in respective statutes of each affiliated confederation legislated in accordance with the standard statutes of the KFA.

Chapter 10 Relations with the KSOC

Article 64 (Rights)

The KFA holds the following rights toward the KSOC:

1. To send delegates to the Congress of the KSOC to speak and vote;
2. To make proposals and requests to the KSOC;
3. To participate in occasions hosted, organized, and approved by the KSOC;
4. To host, organize, and sponsor occasions approved by the KSOC;
5. To ask the KSOC for government subsidies and grants funded by the Korea Sports Promotion Foundation (KSPO), if needed to fulfill the objectives of the KSC; and
6. To receive its share of profits that the KSOC earned from National Olympic Committee activities and by hosting various competitions.

Article 65 (Obligations)

① The KFA has the obligations stipulated in the following Subparagraphs towards the KSOC:

1. To abide by the statutes, all the related regulations, and directions of the KSOC;
2. To submit business plans, income and expense budgets, business reports of the previous year, and

balance sheet of income and expenditure to the KSOC within 10 days after the close of the Congress of the KFA;
3. To investigate into a person involved in corruption or misconduct upon the request from KSCO for disciplinary measures, to sanction the person concerned when any corruption or misconduct is revealed, and to report the KSOC on the result; and
4. To pay membership fee decided by the Executive Committee of the KSOC.
② Obligations towards FIFA and the AFC regarding the international standards of football shall be prioritized over any other obligations.

Chapter 11 Property and Accounting

Article 66 (Profit-making Businesses)
The KFA may conduct profit-making businesses within the limits that do not contradict its nature, if needed to cover the expenses of the businesses stipulated in Article 7.

Article 67 (Property)
The property of the KFA includes:
1. Moveable and immovable properties that the KFA owns;
2. Fund;
3. Incomes from properties;
4. Membership fees;
5. Grants and subsidies funded by the government and public organizations;
6. Competition entry fees;
7. Certification fee income;
8. Profits earned from businesses;
9. Donations and contributions
10. Other income (player registration fees or club member registration fees, etc.)

Article 68 (Types of Property)
① The property of the KFA shall be classified into two categories: basic property and ordinary property.
② Property that falls under any of the following Subparagraphs shall be classified as basic property (Appendix 1), and all the other property shall be classified as ordinary property:.
1. Property that was funded as basic property when the organization was first established;
2. Fund;
3. Property that was gratuitously acquired or designated as basic property when donated or funded, but except for the donation of which purpose is inappropriate to be classified as basic property, upon the approval of the Congress; and
4. Ordinary property that the Executive Committee decided to include in basic property.
③ Basic property of the KFA shall be listed and reported to the competent public authority once a year.

Article 69 (Management of Property)
① The KFA shall perform its duty of care in good faith in managing the property.
② Sale, bestowal, rent, exchange, and collateralize of basic property and burden sharing, wavier of a

right, and contributed acceptance shall be resolved by the Executive Committee and the Congress and approved by the competent public authority. Borrowings also shall undergo the same process except when the borrowing can be repaid with the income of the relevant fiscal year.

③ When the KFA acquires property by purchase, contributed acceptance, or other methods, the property shall immediately be included as the property of the KFA.

Article 70 (Budget Planning and Account Settlement)

① Business plans and budget plans shall gain approval of the Executive Committee before the fiscal year begins and be executed.

② After the end of each fiscal year, written settlement of accounts shall be resolved by the Executive Committee and approved by the Congress before the end of January.

③ The written settlement of accounts shall be disclosed within two (2) months after the convocation of the Congress for account settlement.

Article 71 (Covering of Expenses)

Expenses needed to maintain and operate the KFA shall be covered by the income derived from basic property, business profits, subsidies, donations, membership fee, and other sources of income.

Article 72 (Management of Fund and its Accounting)

Individual account shall be established for each fund. Accumulation of funds shall be recorded in the written settlement of accounts of the relevant fiscal year. The accounting system of the KFA shall be based on double-entry bookkeeping. Separate regulations on the management of fund shall be established and resolved by the Executive Committee.

Article 73 (Reporting on Business Plan, Budget, and Account Settlement)

① Business plans and revenue and expenditure budgets of the KFA shall be resolved by the Executive Committee and the Congress, and reported to the competent public authority within one month after the beginning of every fiscal year.

② Written settlement of account, including business results of the previous year and the documents stipulated in the following Subparagraphs, shall be resolved by the Executive Committee and the Congress and reported to the competent public authority within one month after the end of every fiscal year:

1. Business report
2. Balance sheet and income statement
3. Property list
4. Statement of reasons for changes in property
5. Audit report of a CAP and an auditor

Article 74 (Fiscal Year)

The fiscal year of the KFA begins on January 1st and ends on December 31st.

Article 75 (Remuneration of Executives)

① Remuneration or expense of wage-like nature shall not be paid to non-standing executives including the President unless any of the following Subparagraphs is applicable:

1. Minimum expenses required for performing duties are reimbursed to non-standing executives including the President with intended purpose explicitly stated; or
2. Applicable costs are paid to non-standing executives (except for the President) who are employed separately pursuant to internal regulations.

② Executives' remuneration, severance pay, and reimbursement of expenses shall be decided by the Executive Committee.

Chapter 12 Secretariat

Article 76 (Duty)

The Secretariat is in charge of all duties related to the operation and administration of the KFA.

Article 77 (Function)

The Secretariat performs all administrative functions related to matches, techniques, referees, education, planning, business, international affairs, public relations, general affairs, and financial affairs.

Article 78 (Composition)

① A Secretary General takes charge of the Secretariat, which shall consist of one (1) Secretary General and necessary departments. If needed, an executive of the KFA may substitute for the Secretary General and take charge.

② The President appoints a Secretary General. Detailed regulations on positions, administrative duties, and personnel management of the Secretariat shall be prescribed in separate internal regulations approved by the Executive Committee.

④ Relatives of executives shall not be employed as staff members of the Secretariat. However, those who were hired before the appointment of an executive shall be exceptions.

Article 79 (Guarantee of Employment Status)

No staff members of the Secretariat shall be dismissed from office against his or her will unless pursuant to related laws and to regulations regarding personnel management established by the Executive Committee.

Article 80 (National Football Center)

① The National Football Center (located in Paju, Korea) is established under direct control of the KFA for the training of the national team and for education and research to develop football. The center shall be controlled by the general secretary and receive administrative support from the Secretariat.

② Details of the operation of the National Football Center shall be stipulated in separate regulations.

Chapter 13 Dispute

Article 81 (Dispute Settlement)

① Various disputes shall be settled internally and the decision of the KFA regarding the disputes shall be respected.

② The KFA shall take appropriate measures to resolve disputes that may arise between or among the

KFA, its member associations and players belong to the associations, executives, staff members, match agents, and intermediaries in accordance with the statutes and various regulations of the KFA, the KSOC, the AFC, and FIFA. The parties directly involved in the case may file a request for dispute settlement to the KFA.

③ The KFA establishes the Dispute Settlement Committee to resolve disputes and seek rational solutions. Details regarding the composition, functions, and operation of the committee shall be stipulated in separate regulations.

④ International disputes shall be resolved by FIFA and the Court of Arbitration for Sport (CAS) in accordance with the statutes of FIFA and related regulations.

Chapter 14 Supplementary Regulations

Article 82 (Amendment)

Any amendments to the statutes shall be proposed by the Executive Committee's decision or by the agreement of more than one-thirds (1/3) of the registered delegates, passed by the Congress by more than a two-thirds (2/3) vote of registered members, consulted with the KSOC, and approved by the competent public authority.

Article 83 (Detailed Regulations)

Detailed rules and regulations for the enforcement of the statutes shall be established and applied by the Executive Committee.

Article 84 (Dissolution)

KFA shall be dissolved when at least three-fourths (3/4) of the registered delegates decide on its dissolution or when the competent minister revokes its authorization for incorporation.

Article 85 (Remaining Property after Dissolution)

The remaining property after dissolution shall be donated to the government or to a sports-related non-profit corporation with similar objectives to the KFA, upon the approval of the competent public authority.

Article 86 (Public Disclosure of Management Performance)

① The KFA shall disclose important information regarding the management of the organization to the public to ensure transparency.

② The information to be disclosed in accordance with the foregoing provision includes minutes of the Executive Committee meetings and the Congress, details of budget execution, external evaluations, audit reports, and other information decided by the President.

Addendum (June 20, 2016)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)

These Statutes shall take effect on the date of approval by the competent public authority.

Article 2 (Regarding the Term of Executives)

① The term of the executive elected after January 28, 2013 shall be deemed to end on the election day of the next President.

② <removed>

③ The term of the president elected according to Paragraph 2 and the executives appointed after the president takes office shall be until December 2020 despite Paragraph 1 of Article 22 of the Articles of Incorporation, and the term of the auditor shall be until December 2018.

④ Notwithstanding Subparagraph 1 of Paragraph 2 of Article 21 of the Articles of Incorporation, until the next director is appointed after the President takes office in accordance with Paragraph 1, the quorum cannot be exceeded.

⑤ When the number of previous terms served as an executive of the KFA is calculated, the number of previous terms served as an executive of the KFA, a member association of the (former) KSOC, and the National Football Confederation, a member association of the (former) National Amateur Sports Council. However, previous terms served from the enforcement date of these Articles of Incorporation to thirty (30) days before the election of the KSOC President shall not be considered in determining the reappointment limits.

Article 3 (Transitional Measures Concerning Consolidation of Regional Football Organizations)

① Regional associations according to Articles 10 and 32 of the Articles of Incorporation of the KFA, etc. include regional associations and regional confederations. (If the KSOC does not recognize the ordinary members of the regional branches of the KSOC, which are not incorporated in accordance with the relevant regulations, however, the KFA shall not be regarded as a regional association.)

② The KFA shall allow regional associations and regional confederations to become its member associations in consideration of whether or not their qualifications as member associations (the same as regional associations) shall be recognized according to the regulations of the ordinary members of the regional branches of the regional branches of the KSOC. However, even though the regional branches of the KSOC do not recognize their qualifications as member associations, if the KFA recognizes them, they may have the rights described in Subparagraphs 3 through 4 of Paragraph 1 of Article 12.

Article 4 (Restrictions on the assignment of electors) If regional associations are not consolidated until

the date the Election Administration Committee is formed in accordance with Article 23 of the Articles of Incorporation, or even though they are, if they do not elect a President through the Presidential election in accordance with the recommendations of the KFA and regional branches of the KSOC or related regulations, no electors shall be assigned to the relevant organizations.

Addendum (January 25, 2017)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)

Amendments to these Articles of Incorporation shall take effect from the date of approval by the competent public authority.

Addendum (2017. 11. 16.)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)

These Statutes shall take effect on the date of approval by the Minister of the competent government ministry after being resolved by the KFA Executive Committee and Congress.

Article 2 (Transitional Measure)

① Consecutive terms of a KFA executive shall include the consecutive terms of executive office in the Korean Football Association affiliated with the (former) Korean Sports Olympic Committee and the National Football Confederation affiliated with the (former) National Amateur Sports Council. However, in the cases of organizations consolidated by the Korean Football Association affiliated with the (former) Korean Sports Olympic Committee and the National Football Confederation affiliated with the (former) National Amateur Sports Council prior to the enforcement of the consolidated KSOC member associations regulation, terms of office held no later than 30 days prior to the KSOC President election date from the consolidation date shall not be counted when the limitation of consecutive terms of office is calculated.

Addendum (2019. 2. 8.)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)

This regulation shall take effect on the date of approval by the competent public authority after being resolved by the KFA Executive Committee and Congress.

Addendum (2020. 1. 29.)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)

This regulation shall take effect on the date of approval by the competent public authority after being

resolved by the KFA Executive Committee and Congress.

Article 2 (Revision of Addendum)
Change Article 2 Clause 3 of the Addendum of the Statutes “until December 2020” to “until the day before the 2021 Ordinary Congress”

Addendum (2020. 11. 6.)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)
This regulation shall take effect on the date of approval by the competent public authority after being resolved by the KFA Executive Committee and Congress. However, Article 23-2 Clause 2 shall be applied in Elections after the Elections in January 2021, and shall not be applied to the candidates in the January 2021 Elections.

Article 2 (Revision of Addendum)
Article 2 Clause 2 of the 2016. 6. 20. Addendum shall be removed.

Addendum (2021. 7. 13.)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)
This regulation shall take effect on the date of approval by the competent public authority after being resolved by the KFA Executive Committee and Congress.

Addendum (2022. 1. 26.)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)
This regulation shall take effect on the date of approval by the competent public authority after being resolved by the KFA Executive Committee and Congress.

Addendum (2025. 11. 25.)

Article 1 (Date of Enforcement)
This regulation shall take effect on the date of approval by the competent public authority after being resolved by the KFA Executive Committee and Congress.